Practical Linux

Practical 2

Core 2

Setup

Make sure that you are connected to the **education server**. Check the steps from the **connecting** practical session for help.

Creating and working with directories and files

Make sure that your **working** directory is your **home** directory. (pwd, cd) Run a sequence of commands to make your **home** directory tree look as in Figure 1. This will include:

- 1. Rename the **project_x** directory to **project_genetics**. (mv)
- 2. Create three **new directories** inside the "**project_genetics**" directory named: "**data**", "**src**", "**doc**". (mkdir)
- 3. Move the **script.sh** file inside the **project_genetics/src** directory. (mv)
- 4. Move all the .gb files from project_genetics inside the project_genetics/data directory. (mv, *)
- 5. Make a copy of the **project_genetics/README.md** inside **project_genetics/doc**. (cp)

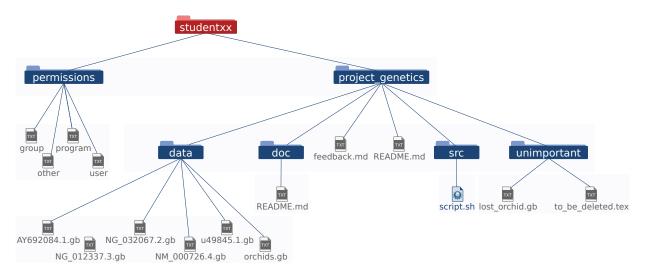


Figure 1: Home directory tree

Remove the **project_genetics/unimportant** directory. (rm)

Inspect, edit, and search

- 1. Print the **project_genetics/README.md** file contents. (cat)
- 2. Open the **project_genetics/README.md** file with nano and edit it according to what it is mentioned inside it. (make use of key combinations in nano, e.g., Ctrl-k, Ctrl-x, ...; see cheat sheet)
- 3. Print again the project_genetics/README.md file content to check the changes. (cat)
- 4. Inspect the **project_genetics/data/orchids.gb** file content first with the cat command and after that with the less command in order to see the differences between the two commands.
- 5. Search for the appearences of LOCUS within the project_genetics/data/orchids.gb. (grep)
- 6. Search for the appearences of **ORGANISM** within all the .gb files in the **project_genetics/data** directory. (grep, *)
- 7. Open the **manual** page of **grep** and search for the **option** on how to **suppress the prefixing of file names on output**. (man; use the / key to search for keywords inside the manual page)
- 8. Make use of the previous **grep** command found **option** in the search for the appearences of **ORGAN-ISM** within the all **.gb** files in **project_genetics/data**.
- 9. Rerun the previous command and redirect its output to a file named **organisms.txt** inside the **project_genetics/data** directory. (grep, *, >)
- 10. Check the content of the newly **organisms.txt** created file. (cat or less)
- 11. Make sure that your current directory is **project_genetics/data** and run the **project_genetics/src/script.sh** script. A new file **lost_orchid.gb** should appear now in the **project_genetics/data** directory.
- 12. Append the contents of lost_orchid.gb to the orchids.gb file. (cat, >>)
- 13. Remove the **lost_orchid.gb** file. (rm)
- 14. Print the first three organisms from the organisms.txt. (head)
- 15. What is the total number of organisms that appear in the **organisms.txt** file? (wc)
- 16. What is the disk usage of the data folder? (du)

Congratulations, you have finished this practical session!